Tax Information for Employees of the Swedish Embassy & Consulate

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This presentation has been prepared by Embassy Tax Services LLC.

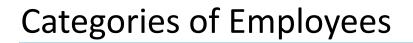
The information in this presentation is current as of September 2015 and is intended to be of a general nature. The presentation is not intended to address the facts or situation pertaining to any particular individual. It should not be viewed as legal, tax or investment advice. If advice is needed please consult with a professional tax advisor.



Agenda

- Categories of employees
- Exemptions from US Tax
- Taxation of US Citizens and Residents
- Taxation of A-2 Visa Holders
- Tax Treaty
- Self-employment tax
- Deductions for unreimbursed employee business expenses
- SEP/IRA deductions & Self-Employed Health Insurance deductions
- Estimated Tax payments
- Joint filing election with nonresident alien spouse
- Foreign Bank Account Reporting (FBAR)
- Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA)





Locally Engaged Staff

- US Citizens
- LPR/Green Card Holders
- A-2 Visa Holders "Permanently Resident In" the United States



Income Tax

- US-Sweden Tax Treaty, Article 20
- US Law Internal Revenue Code Section 893

Social Security Tax

US-Sweden Agreement



Article 20 of the US-Sweden Income Tax Treaty provides an exemption to employees of the Swedish Government in the US who are not citizens or residents of the US.

Article 20 does NOT provide tax exemptions to US citizens or residents. They are subject to tax in the US on their income from the embassy or consulate.

For state income tax purposes, tax treaty benefits are recognized by Virginia, New York and Washington DC. Maryland does not recognize tax treaty exemptions.



Section 893 of the Internal Revenue Code may provide an exemption from US income taxes to employees of the Swedish Government in the US who are not US citizens or LPR/Green Card holders.

In order the claim an exemption under section 893 individuals need either:

1) Certification from the US State Department that the Swedish Government grants an equivalent exemption to employees of the US Government performing services in Sweden.

2) To show that equivalent exemption exists for employees of the US Government performing services in Sweden.



Exemption from Income Taxes

Classification of Employee	Tax Treaty	US Law Section 893
US Citizen	Taxable [Article 20]	Taxable
LPR/Green Card	Taxable [Article 20]	Taxable
A-2 Visa Holder	Exempt [Article 20]	May be exempt. Need to show equivalent exemption or US State Department certification.





Form 1040

• US citizens and residents who are subject to tax:

Must 🗸

- Report wages on Form 1040, Line 7
- Complete Schedule SE to pay into the US Social Security system as if they were self-employed. If dual US/Swedish citizen, or Green Card holder, no SE tax due to US.
- Make Estimated Tax payments on Form 1040ES



- Report wages Schedule C
- Report wages as Other Income on Form 1040, Line 21
- Claim SEP/IRA deduction on Form 1040, Line 28
- Claim SE Health Insurance deduction on Form 1040, Line 29



LPR Green Card Holders

- In general, Green Card holders employed at the Swedish Embassy/Consulate and UN Mission are subject to U.S. income taxes on the gross amount of their wages
- Green Card holders are not subject to U.S. Social Security taxes on wages received from the Swedish Government.
- No exemption under Section 893 of the Internal Revenue Code is allowed for green card holders.



A-2 Visa Holders

A-2 visa holders who are considered "permanently resident in" the US, are exempt from paying U.S. income taxes on wages from the Embassy/Consulate or UN Mission under:

• Article 20 of the US-Swedish Income Tax Treaty

 An exemption under Section 893 of the Internal Revenue Code may also apply if equivalent exemption or US State Department certification can be shown.



Employee Business Expenses

- US citizens and green card holders may have deductions for unreimbursed business expenses
- Ordinary and necessary, required by employer
- No employer reimbursement available
- Use Form 2106 to calculate the amount of unreimbursed employee business expense and claim deduction on Schedule A, Miscellaneous Itemized Deductions. Subject to 2% AGI limitation
- Do not use Schedule C to claim employee business expenses



Simplified Employee Pension (SEP/IRA) Retirement Accounts

- Available only to self-employed individuals
- Wage income does not qualify as self-employment income for a SEP/IRA account
- No deduction is allowed for a contribution to a SEP/IRA plan on Form 1040, Line 28. See IRS Revenue Ruling 73-38

Self-Employed Health Insurance Deductions

- Available only to self-employed individuals
- Employees receiving wage income do not qualify to claim a deduction for self-employed health insurance on Form 1040,
 - Line 29



Self-Employment Tax

- For Social Security tax purposes only, US citizens working at the Swedish Embassy/Consulate and UN Mission are taxed as if they were selfemployed. For all other purposes they are considered employees.
- Dual Swedish/US citizens are covered by the Swedish Social Security system and are not subject to self-employment tax in the US
- Computation of self-employment tax is done on Schedule SE
- For 2015 and 2016 the SE tax rate is 15.3%
- A portion of self-employment taxes may be deducted on Form 1040, Line 27



Federal Estimated Tax Computation

Either

90% of the current year tax due

or

 100% of the prior year tax (110% if the AGI from Form 1040, Line 37 is greater than \$150,000)

State Estimated Tax Computation

- NY & Maryland 90% of the current year tax or 100% of the prior year tax (110% if the prior year State adjusted gross income is greater than \$150,000)
- DC & Virginia 90% of current year or 100% of prior year tax



Estimated Tax Payments

- Federal estimated tax payments are made on Form 1040ES
- Federal (IRS) due dates for the current year are:

Quarter	Federal (IRS) Due Dates	NY State Due Dates	DC/Maryland State Due Dates	Virginia State Due Dates
1 st Quarter	April 15, 2015	April 15, 2015	April 15, 2015	May 1, 2015
2 nd Quarter	June 15, 2015	June 15, 2015	June 15, 2015	June 15, 2015
3 rd Quarter	Sept 15, 2015	Sept 15, 2015	Sept 15, 2015	Sept 15, 2015
4 th Quarter	Jan 15, 2016	Jan 15, 2016	Jan 15, 2016	Jan 15, 2016



1040-ES Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service 2014 Estimated Tax

File only if you are making a payment of estimated tax by check or money order. Mail this voucher with your check or money order payable to "United States Treasury." Write your social cash.

I security number and "2014 Form 1040-ES" on your Enclose, but do not staple or attach, your payment w	by check or money orde		Dollars	Cents	
Your first name and initial	Your last name		Your social security number		
If joint payment, complete for spouse	I				
Spouse's first name and initial	Spouse's last name		Spouse's social security number		number
Address (number, street, and apt. no.)					
City, state, and ZIP code. (If a foreign address, en	ter city, also complete spaces below.)			
Foreign country name	Foreign province/county		Foreign	postal code	

Payment 3

Calendar year-Due Sept. 15, 2014

Amount of estimated tax you are paying

OMB No. 1545-0074

Voucher

For Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see instructions.

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Tear off here

Form	1040-ES Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service	stimated Tax	Paymen Voucher		OMB No.	1545-0074	
File	only if you are making a payment of estimated t	ax by check or money order. Mail this	Calendar y	ear-Du	e June 16, 20	14	
/ou	voucher with your check or money order payable to "United States Treasury." Write your					ed tax you are paying	
	security number and "2014 Form 1040-ES" on your check or money order. Do not send Enclose, but do not staple or attach, your payment with this voucher.		by check or money orde		Dollars	Cents	
type	Your first name and initial	Your last name		Your social security numb		umber	
	If joint payment, complete for spouse						
	Spouse's first name and initial	Spouse's last name		Spouse's social security number		number	
Print or t	Address (number, street, and apt. no.)						
Pri	City, state, and ZIP code. (If a foreign address, enter city, also complete spaces below.)						
	Foreign country name	Foreign province/county		Foreign	postal code		

For Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see instructions.

Tear off here

Form	1040-ES Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service	ed Tax	Paymer Vouche		OMB No.	1545-0074	
File	le only if you are making a payment of estimated tax by check or money order. Mail this			/ear-Du	e April 15, 20	14	
	cher with your check or money order payable to "United States 1	Amount of estimated tax you are paying					
		curity number and "2014 Form 1040-ES" on your check or money order. Do not send close, but do not staple or attach, your payment with this voucher.		er.	Dollars	Cents	
	Your first name and initial	Your last name		Your social security number			
type	If joint payment, complete for spouse						
	Spouse's first name and initial	Spouse's last name		Spouse's social security number			
Print or t	Address (number, street, and apt. no.)						
Pri	City, state, and ZIP code. (If a foreign address, enter city, also complete spaces below.)						
	Foreign country name	Foreign province/county		Foreign postal code			
For	Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see ins	structions.		For	m 1040-ES	(2014)	



For Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, s tions.

Joint Filing Election with Nonresident Spouse

- One-time election to file a joint tax return with a nonresident alien spouse
- Written election is required in year of election
- Nonresident alien spouse is required to report worldwide income
- If a joint filing election is made, the exemption from US tax for A-2 visa holders is not affected.
- The election can be revoked, but once revoked cannot be made again



Foreign Bank Account Reporting

Form 114

- Required of US citizens or residents with a financial interest in or signature authority over foreign financial accounts if the total value of the accounts exceeded \$10,000 at any time during the year
- Form 114 is not an IRS form; it is filed directly with the US Treasury. Do not include with your tax return.
- Form is required whether or not a tax return is filed
- Filing deadline is April 15th of each year and can be extended
- Filing of Form 114 is required in addition to FATCA Form 8938 filing

Failure to file is risky – penalties are extreme

- Non-willful penalty is \$10,000 for failure to file
- Willful penalty is the greater of 50% of the account balance or \$100,000



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Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA)

Form 8938

- Required of US citizens or residents with an interest in Specified Foreign Financial Assets exceeding certain amounts
- Form 8938 is an IRS form and is required to be filed with your US tax return
- If a tax return is not required to be filed, no Form 8938 has to be filed
- Filing of FATCA Form 8938 is in addition to filing of FBAR form Form 114

Failure to file is risky – penalties are extreme

- Penalty for failure to file starts at \$10,000 and continues up to \$50,000 for continuing failure to file after IRS notification
- Additional 40% penalty for failure to report income on tax return
- Statute of Limitations does not start until accurate Form 8938 is filed





Form 8938

- Specified Foreign Financial Assets include:
 - Bank and investment accounts
 - Direct ownership of foreign stock
 - Foreign retirement accounts
 - Foreign life insurance policies
 - Foreign partnership interests
 - Foreign estate and trust interests

• When in doubt file Form 8938



Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA)

Form 8938

- Form 8938 must be filed when Specified
 Foreign Financial
 Assets exceed
 specified amounts
- File Form 8938 if
 Specified Foreign
 Financial Assets
 exceed either the
 Year-end Total or
 Highest Annual
 values in the table
 to the right

Filing Status / Location	Year-end Total (greater than)	Highest Annual (greater than)
Single in U.S.	\$50,000	\$75,000
Single Overseas	\$200,000	\$300,000
Joint in U.S.	\$100,000	\$150,000
Joint Overseas	\$400,000	\$600,000
Separate in U.S.	\$50,000	\$75,000
Separate Overseas	\$200,000	\$300,000

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Questions?



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